



Programming with C I

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Let's write a C program

That stores an int, double, and char variable, and prints them all out.



Placeholders in format string

Placeholder	Variable Type	Function Use
%c	char	printf/scanf
%d	int	printf/scanf
%f	double	printf
%lf	double	scanf

The scanf Function

© Copies data from the standard input device (usually the keyboard) into a variable.

```
scanf("%lf", &miles);
scanf("%c%c%c", &letter_1, &letter_2, &letter_3);
```

Must pass address of variable to store using the addressof operator (&)

The return Statement

- **OVER IDEA OF SECOND SE**
- Transfers control from your program to the operating system.
- The value 0 indicates that your program executed without an error.

return (0);

Arithmetic Operators

Arithmetic Operator	Meaning	Example
+	addition	5 + 2 is 7 5.0 + 2.0 is 7.0
	subtraction	5-2 is 3 5.0-2.0 is 3.0
*	multiplication	5 * 2 is 10 5.0 * 2.0 is 10.0
	division	5.0 / 2.0 is 2.5 5 / 2 is 2
%	remainder	5 % 2 is 1

Type casting

converting an expression to a different type by writing the desired type in parentheses in front of the expression

Rules for Evaluating Expressions

Output Parentheses rule

- all expression must be evaluated separately
- · nested parentheses evaluated from the inside out
- innermost expression evaluated first

Operator precedence rule

- unary +, first (setting sign)
- *, /, % next
- binary +, last

Note prefix and postfix increment/decrement!

- ++a and --a are executed before value is used
- a++ and a-- are executed after value is used

Rules for Evaluating Expressions

© Right Associativity

 Unary operators in the same subexpression and at the same precedence level are evaluated right to left.

Left Associativity

 Binary operators in the same subexpression and at the same precedence level are evaluated left to right.

Figure Evaluation Tree for area = PI * radius * radius;

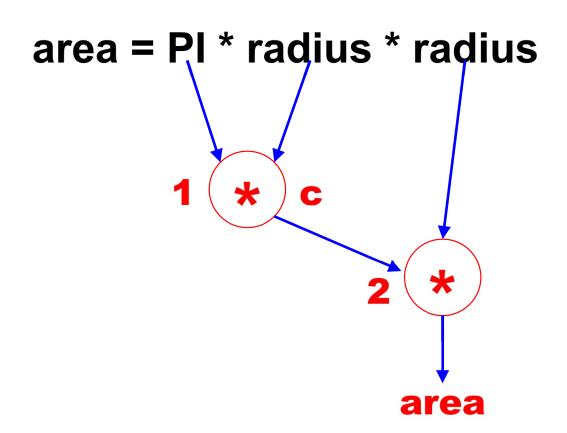


Figure Step-by-Step Expression Evaluation

Figure Evaluation Tree and Evaluation for v = (p2 - p1) / (t2 - t1);

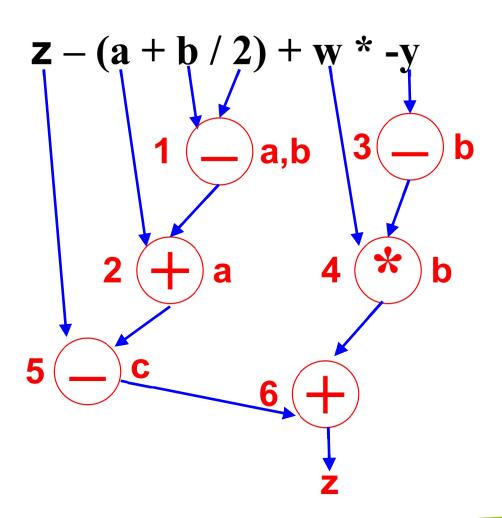
$$v = (p2 - p1) / (t2 - t1)$$

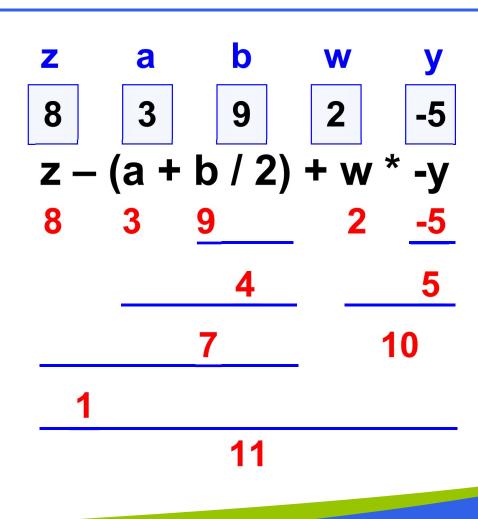
1 ___ a 2 __ a

p1 p2 t1 t2
4.5 9.0 0.0 60.0

$$v = (p2 - p1) / (t2 - t1)$$
9.0 4.5 60.0 0.0
4.5 60.0

Figure Evaluation Tree and Evaluation for z - (a + b / 2) + w * -y





Common Programming Errors

- **o** debugging
 - removing errors from a program
- 🧿 syntax error
 - a violation of the C grammar rules
 - detected during program translation (compilation)
- in run-time error
 - an attempt to perform an invalid operation
 - detected during program execution
- 🦁 logic error
 - an error caused by following an incorrect algorithm

Figure A Program with a Run-Time Error

```
#include <stdio.h>
int
main (void>
        int first, second, ans;
        printf("Enter two integers>");
        scanf("%d%d", &first, &second);
        ans = first / second;
        printf("The result is %d\n", ans);
        return (0);
Enter two integers > 14 0
Floating point exception (core dumped)
```

Figure A Program That Produces Incorrect Results Due to & Omission

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main (void>
       int first, second, sum;
        printf("Enter two integers>");
        scanf("%d%d", first, second); /* ERROR | | should be &first, &second */
        sum = first + second;
        printf("\%d + \%d = \%d\n", first, second, sum);
       return (0);
Enter two integers > 14 3
Segmentation fault (core dumped)
```





THE END

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