

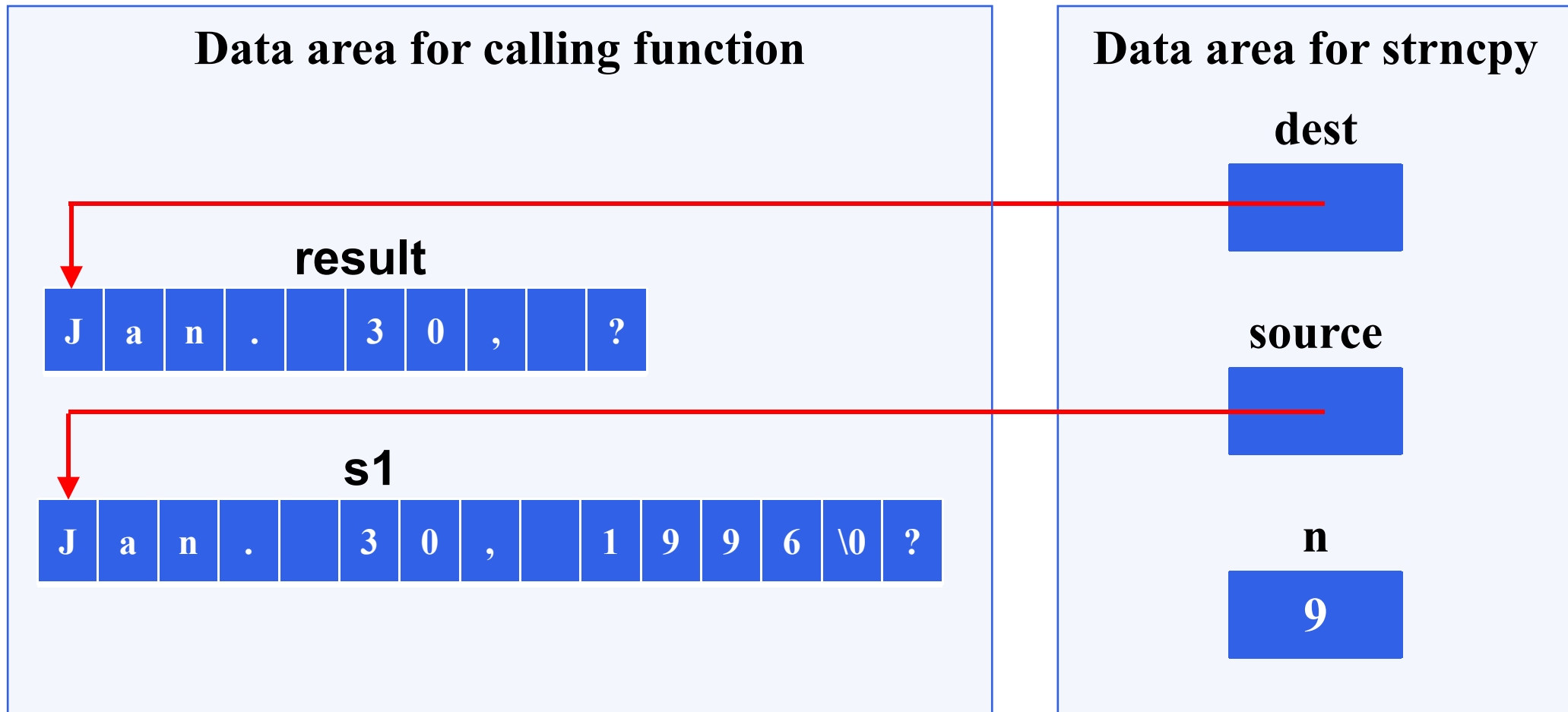
Programming with C I

Fangtian Zhong
CSCI 112

Gianforte School of Computing
Norm Asbjornson College of Engineering
E-mail: fangtian.zhong@montana.edu

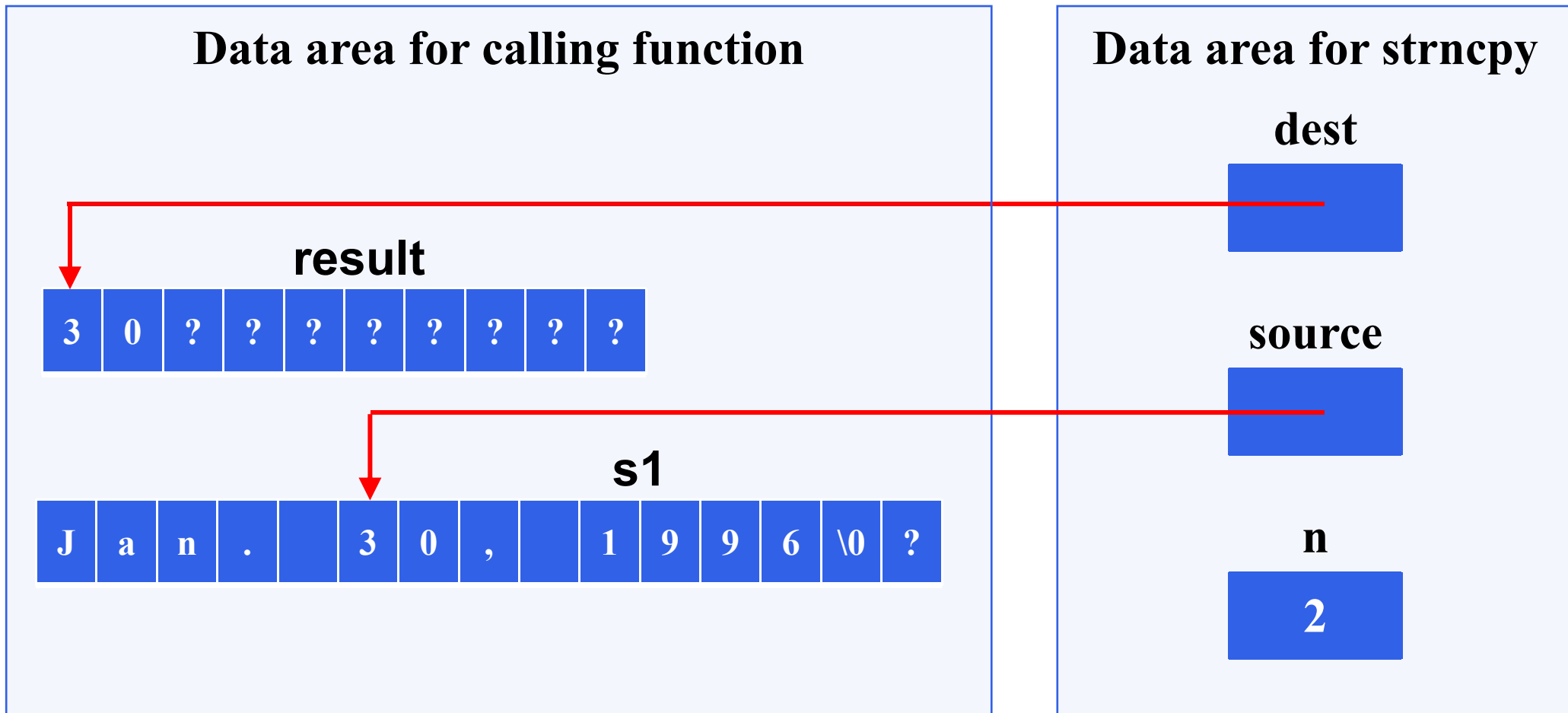
Substrings

Figure Execution of `strncpy(result, s1, 9);`



Substrings

Figure Execution of `strncpy(result, &s1[5], 2);`



Substrings

```
char last [20], first [20], middle [20];
```

```
char pres[20] = "Adams, John Quincy";
```

```
strncpy (last, pres, 5);  
last[5] = '\0';
```

```
strcpy (middle, &pres[12]);
```

```
strncpy (first, &pres[7], 4);  
first[4] = '\0';
```

J	o	h	n	\0	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
---	---	---	---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Buffer Overflow

- more data is stored in an array than its declared size allows
- a very dangerous condition
- unlikely to be flagged as an error by either the compiler or the run-time system

char string[8] = "hello world";

h	e	l	l	o		w	o	r	l	d	\0
---	---	---	---	---	--	---	---	---	---	---	----

Concatenation

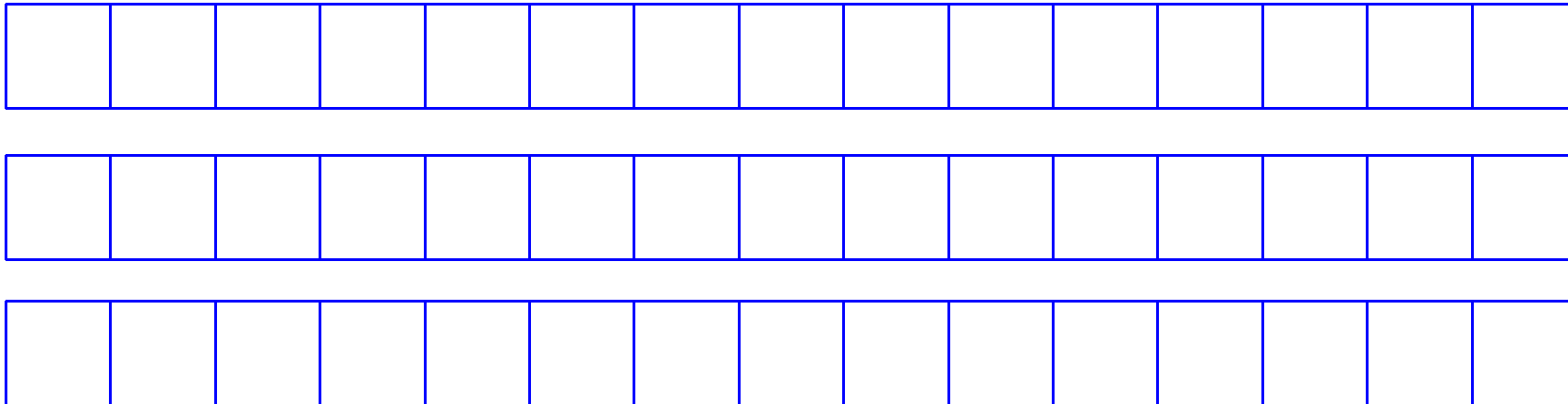
➤ **strcat**

- appends source to the end of dest
- assumes that sufficient space is allocated for the first argument to allow addition of the extra characters
 - `s1[100] = "hello";`
 - `strcat(s1, "and more");`

h	e	l	l	o	a	n	d		m	o	r	e	\0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	---	---	---	---	----

Concatenation

```
char k1[15] = "John ",  
      k2[15] = "Jacqueline ",  
      last[15] = "Kennedy";  
strcat(k1,last);  
strcat(k2,last);
```



Concatenation

```
char k1[15] = "John ",  
      k2[15] = "Jacqueline ",  
      last[15] = "Kennedy";  
strcat(k1,last);  
strcat(k2,last);
```

J	o	h	n		\0									
---	---	---	---	--	----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

J	a	c	q	u	e	l	i	n	e		\0			
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	----	--	--	--

K	e	n	n	e	d	y	\0							
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Concatenation

```
char k1[15] = "John ",  
      k2[15] = "Jacqueline ",  
      last[15] = "Kennedy";  
strcat(k1,last);  
strcat(k2,last);
```

J	o	h	n		K	e	n	n	e	d	y	\0		
---	---	---	---	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	--	--

J	a	c	q	u	e	l	i	n	e		\0			
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	----	--	--	--

K	e	n	n	e	d	y	\0							
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Concatenation

```
char k1[15] = "John ",  
      k2[15] = "Jacqueline ",  
      last[15] = "Kennedy";  
strcat(k1,last);  
strcat(k2,last);
```

overflow!

J	o	h	n		K	e	n	n	e	d	y	\0		
---	---	---	---	--	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	--	--

J	a	c	q	u	e	l	i	n	e		K	e	n	n
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	---	---	---	---

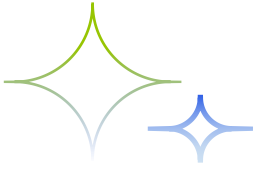
K	e	n	n	e	d	y	\0							
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Concatenation

➤ **strncat**

- appends up to n characters of source to the end of dest, adding the null character if necessary
 - assumes that sufficient space is allocated for the first argument to allow addition of the extra characters
- `S1[100] = "hello";`
 - `strncat(s1, "and more", 5);`

h	e	l	l	o	a	n	d		m	\0	?
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--	---	----	---



THE END

Fangtian Zhong
CSCI 112

Gianforte School of Computing
Norm Asbjornson College of Engineering
E-mail: fangtian.zhong@montana.edu